

Notes from Class on Sept. 9/10

Los artículos indefinidos- we use these when we are not being specific. Ex. If I ask you to give me a marker. You would hand me a marker regardless of the color of the marker.

	Singular	Plural
Masculino	un	unos
feminine	una	unas

Un & una= a/an

Unos & unas= some

Los artículos definidos- we use these when we are being specific. Ex. If I ask you to hand me the marker. You would retort with "Which one?" Then I would have to specify or clarify to which marker I am referring.

	Singular	Plural
Masculino	el	los
feminine	la	las

El, los, la, las= the

Rules for changing singular to plural:

1. If word ends in -z it changes to -ces ex. Un lápiz= unos lápices
2. If a word ends in a consonant add -es. Ex. Un trabajador- unos trabajadores
3. If a word ends a vowel add -s. Ex. Una mesa- unas mesas.
4. If a word ends in -ción it changes to -ciones. Ex. Una conversación- unas conversaciones.

Practice changing the nouns from singular to plural with different articles. Fill out the chart according to the example. Pay attention to the GENDER of the noun.

	Sing. indefinite	Plural indefinite	Singular definite	Plural definite
chico	un chico	unos chicos	el chico	los chicos
chica				
mesa				
café				
taza				
vaso				
mano*				
problema*				

Los pronombres del sujeto

	singular	plural
1st person	yo (I)	nosotros/as (we)
2nd person	tú (you) usted	vosotros/as (you plural) ustedes
3rd person	él (he) ella (she)	ellos (they) ellas (they feminine)

Ser: to be (does not change)

yo	soy	nosotros	somos
tú	eres	vosotros	sois
él ella usted	es	ellos ellas ustedes	son

Uses of Ser:

Descripción- physical description

Ocupación- occupation

Característica- personality traits

Tiempo- telling time

Origen- Origen telling where someone/something is from

Relación- describing relationship between people and objects

Sept. 11 & 12

Practiced pronunciation of the dialogs (formal and informal found on my teacher website under class resources)

Tener: to have

yo	tengo	nosotros	tenemos
tú	tienes	vosotros	tenéis
él ella usted	tiene	ellos ellas ustedes	tienen

Los números

- 0- Cero
- 1- Uno
- 2- Dos
- 3- Tres
- 4- Cuatro
- 5- Cinco
- 6- Seis
- 7- Siete
- 8- Ocho
- 9- Nueve
- 10- Diez
- 11- Once
- 12- Doce
- 13- Trece
- 14- Catorce
- 15- Quince
- 16- Dieciséis
- 17- Diecisiete
- 18- Dieciocho
- 19- Diecinueve
- 20- Veinte

Las expresiones con tener

- 1. Tener calor
 - 2. Tener prisa
 - 3. Tener sed
 - 4. Tener frío
 - 5. Tener hambre
 - 6. Tener miedo (de)
 - 7. Tener suerte
 - 8. Tener mala suerte
 - 9. Tener razón
 - 10. No tener razón
- A. To be right
 - B. To be thirsty
 - C. To be unlucky
 - D. To be in a hurry
 - E. To be scared of
 - F. To be lucky
 - G. To be hot
 - H. To be cold
 - I. To be hungry
 - J. To be wrong

Then we worked on our writing prompt in our journals.

Mi familia y yo: Write about your family. You must write about your family members and describe them and say their ages.

Brainstorm on one page. Write a rough draft on another page. Assignment is due on 23 of September. Remember that you need to write on the Front of one page and double space your writing.